1. (Previously Amended) Apparatus for stabilizing an epicardial surface of the heart, comprising:

a shaft; and

a foot coupled to the shaft, the foot having a first arm, a second arm, and a space between the first and second arms, the first and second arms each having a contact surface for engaging the heart, a proximal end, a distal end and a length defined between the proximal and distal ends and within a plane defined by the bottom surface of said foot, the length of the first arm being longer than the length of the second arm.

(Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein:
 the first arm is at least 30% longer than the second arm.

3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein:

the foot has a bottom surface, the bottom surface including the contact surface of the first and second arms, the contact surface generally lying in a plane, the bottom surface also having lateral surfaces which taper away from the plane.

4. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for stabilizing an epicardial surface of the heart comprising:

a shaft an-arm; and

a foot coupled to the <u>shaftarm</u>, the foot having a contact surface for engaging the heart and a slot in which a vessel on the heart may be positioned, the slot being aligned with a central axis, the foot having a shape which is asymmetrical relative to the central axis.

5. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein:

the <u>foot includes a first arm</u>, and <u>a second arm that is shaped differently compared to</u>
<u>the first armarms each have different shapes.</u>

6-7. (Cancelled)



8. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for stabilizing an epicardial surface of the heart comprising:

## a shaftan-arm;

a foot coupled to the shaftarm, the foot having a contact surface for engaging the heart, and a slot in which a vessel on the heart may be positioned, the slot defining an axis, wherein the foot is attached to the arm-shaft at a location offset from the axis, said foot having a lateral side; and

said shaft arm-is attached to the foot along the lateral side.

## 9-13. (Cancelled)

14. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein: An apparatus for stabilizing an epicardial surface of the heart comprising:

a foot including a bottom surface having a contact surface for engaging the heart, a slot in which a vessel on the heart may be positioned, wherein at least a portion of the bottom surface is convex; where the foot is generally convex when viewed along a central axis defined by the slot, and the bottom surface has lateral surfaces which taper away from the contact surface.

15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein:

the lateral surfaces taper away within an angle of 2-15 degrees.

## 16. (Cancelled)

17. (Original) A method of performing a coronary anastomosis on a heart of a patient comprising:

providing a stabilizer having a shaft and a foot, the foot having a first arm, a second arm, and a slot therebetween;

accessing a coronary artery on the patient's heart;

placing the foot in engagement with the heart so that the coronary artery is positioned in the slot and the first arm retracting the apex of the heart; and

performing an anastomosis on the coronary artery.





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18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein:

the placing step is carried out with the coronary artery being an artery selected from arteries in the group consisting of the circumflex and branches of the right coronary arteries.

19. (Original) A method of performing coronary anastomoses on a heart of a patient comprising:

providing a stabilizer system having a shaft, a first foot and a second foot; coupling the first foot to the shaft;

placing the first foot in engagement with the heart so as to stabilize the surface thereof;

performing an anastomosis on a first coronary artery which is stabilized by the first foot;

decoupling the first foot from the shaft;

coupling the second foot to the shaft;

placing the second foot in engagement with the heart so as to stabilize the surface thereof; and

performing an anastomosis on the second coronary artery with the second foot stabilizing the second coronary artery.

20-48 (Cancelled)

49. (Previously Added) An apparatus for stabilizing an epicardial surface of the heart, comprising:

a foot having a first arm and a second arm, each of said first and second arms having a proximal end and a distal end, said first and second arms each attached to said foot at their respective proximal ends;

said first and second arms each having at least one contact surface for engaging the heart;

a space between said first and second arms, said space defining a slot, said slot defining a long axis of said foot;



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said first and second arms each having a lateral surface attached thereto, said lateral surface tapering away from said contact surface to be generally convex when viewed along said axis of said slot.

- 50. (Previously Added) The apparatus according to claim 49, further comprising a length defined between the proximal ends of said first and second arms and the distal ends of said first and second arms, said length of the first arm being longer than the length of said second arm.
- 51. (Previously Added) The apparatus according to claim 50, wherein the length of said first arm is at least 30% longer than said second arm.
- 52. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for stabilizing an epicardial surface of the heart, comprising:

## a shaft;

a foot having a first arm, said first arm having a proximal end and a distal end, and a second arm, said second arm having a proximal end and a distal end, said first and second arms each attached to said foot at their respective proximal ends;

said first and second arms each having at least one contact surface for engaging the heart;

a space between said first and second arms, said space defining a slot, said slot defining a long axis of said foot;

a connector for detachably engaging the foot to the shafta positioning apparatus of the stabilizer, said connector located along a lateral side of said foot, and forming an axis which makes an angle with said long axis of said foot.

- 53. (Previously Added) The apparatus of claim 52, wherein said angle is between about 50-90 degrees.
- 54. (Previously Added) The apparatus of claim 53, wherein said angle is about 70 degrees.

